

14th June 1996

THE UNTRACED DRIVERS' AGREEMENT

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

MOTOR INSURERS' BUREAU

(COMPENSATION OF VICTIMS OF UNTRACED DRIVERS)

Text of an Agreement dated the 14 June 1996
between the Secretary of State for Transport
and Motor Insurers' Bureau together
with some notes on its
scope and purpose

T H E A G R E E M E N T

RECITALS

- (1) On 21 April 1969 the Minister of Transport and Motor Insurers' Bureau entered into an Agreement ("the First Agreement") to secure compensation for third party victims of road accidents when the driver responsible for the accident could not be traced.
- (2) The First Agreement was replaced by a new Agreement ("the Second Agreement") which operated in respect of accidents occurring on or after 1 December 1972.
- (3) The Second Agreement was added to by a Supplemental Agreement dated 7th December, 1977 ("the Third Agreement") which operated in respect of accidents occurring on or after 3rd January 1978.
- (4) The Second Agreement and the Third Agreement have now been replaced by a new Agreement ("this Agreement") which operates in respect of accidents occurring on or after 1 July 1996.
- (5) The text of this Agreement is as follows-

TEXT OF THE AGREEMENT

AN AGREEMENT made the Fourteenth day of June 1996 between the Secretary of State for Transport ("the Secretary of State") and the Motor Insurers' Bureau, whose registered office is at 152 Silbury Boulevard, Milton Keynes, MK9 1NB ("the M.I.B.").

IT IS HEREBY AGREED as follows-

1. (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this Clause, this Agreement applies to any case in which an application is made to the M.I.B. for a payment in respect of the death of or bodily injury to any person caused by or arising out of the use of a motor vehicle on a road in Great Britain and the case is one in which the following conditions are fulfilled, that is to say:-
 - (a) the event giving rise to the death or injury occurred on or after 1 July 1996;
 - (b) the applicant for the payment either-
 - (i) is unable to trace any person responsible for the death or injury, or
 - (ii) in a case to which Clause 5 applies where more than one person was responsible, is unable to trace one of those persons

(Any person so untraced is referred to as "the untraced person");
 - (c) the death or injury was caused in such circumstances that on the balance of probabilities the untraced person would be liable to pay damages to the applicant in respect of the death or injury;
 - (d) the liability of the untraced person to pay damages to the applicant is one which is required to be covered by insurance or security under Part VI of the Road Traffic Act 1988 ("the 1988 Act"), it being assumed for this purpose, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that the vehicle was being used in circumstances in which the user was required by the 1988 Act to be insured or secured against third party risks;
 - (e) the death or injury was not caused by the use of the vehicle by the untraced person in any

deliberate attempt to cause the death or injury of the person in respect of which an application is made;

- (f) the application is made in writing within three years from the date of the event giving rise to the death or injury; and
- (g) the incident was reported to the police within fourteen days or as soon as the applicant reasonably could and the applicant co-operated with the police.

(2) This Agreement does not apply to a case in which :-

- (a) the death or bodily injury in respect of which any such application is made was caused by or arose out of the use of a motor vehicle which at the time of the event giving rise to the death or bodily injury was owned by or in the possession of the Crown, unless the case is one in which some other person has undertaken responsibility for the existence of a contract of insurance under the 1988 Act;
- (b) at the time of the accident the person suffering death or bodily injury in respect of which the application is made was allowing himself to be carried in a vehicle and either before or after the commencement of his journey in the vehicle, if he could reasonably be expected to have alighted from the vehicle, he knew or had reason to believe that the vehicle -
 - (i) had been stolen or unlawfully taken, or
 - (ii) was being used without there being in force in relation to its use a contract of insurance which complied with the 1988 Act, or
 - (iii) was being used in the course or furtherance of crime, or
 - (iv) was being used as a means of escape from or avoidance of lawful apprehension.

(3) For the purpose of paragraph (2) of this Clause:-

- (a) a vehicle which has been unlawfully removed from the possession of the Crown shall be taken to continue in that possession whilst it is kept so removed;
 - (b) references to a person being carried in a vehicle include references to his being carried in or upon, or entering or getting on to or alighting from the vehicle;
 - (c) "owner" in relation to a vehicle which is the subject of a hiring agreement or a hire purchase agreement means the person in possession of the vehicle under that agreement.
2. (1) An application to the MIB for a payment in respect of the death or bodily injury to any person may be made:-
- (a) by the person for whose benefit that payment is to be made ("the applicant"), or
 - (b) by any solicitor acting for the applicant, or
 - (c) by any other person whom the MIB may be prepared to accept as acting for the applicant.
- (2) Any decision made, or award or payment given or other thing done in accordance with this Agreement to or by a person acting under paragraph 1(b) and (1)(c) of this Clause on behalf of the applicant, or in relation to an application made by such person, shall whatever may be the age, or the circumstances affecting the capacity, of the applicant, be treated as having the same effect as if it had been done to or by, or in relation to an application made by, an applicant of full age and capacity.
3. Subject to the following provisions of this Agreement, the MIB shall, on any application made to it in a case to which this Agreement applies, award to the applicant in respect of the death or injury for which the application is made a payment of an amount which shall be assessed in like manner as a court, applying English law in a case where the event giving rise to the death or injury occurred in England or Wales or applying the law of Scotland in a case where that event occurred in Scotland, would assess the damages which the applicant would have been entitled to recover from the untraced person in respect of that death

or injury if the applicant had brought successful proceedings to enforce a claim for such damages against the untraced person.

4. In assessing the level of an award in accordance with Clause 3, the MIB shall be under no obligation to include any sum in respect of loss of earnings suffered by the applicant where and in so far as the applicant has in fact been paid wages or salary or any sum in lieu of the same, whether or not such payments were made subject to an undertaking on the part of the applicant to repay the same in the event of the applicant recovering damages.
5. (1) This Clause applies to any case:-
 - (a) to which this Agreement applies;and
 - (b) the death or bodily injury in respect of which an application has been made to the MIB under this Agreement ("the relevant death or injury") was caused-
 - (i) partly by the untraced person and partly by an identified person or by identified persons,or
 - (ii) partly by the untraced person and partly by some other untraced person or persons whose master or principal can be identified;and
 - (c) in circumstances making the identified person or persons or any master or principal ("the identified person") liable to the applicant in respect of the relevant death or injury.
- (2) If in a case to which this Clause applies one of the conditions in paragraph (3) of this Clause is satisfied, the amount of the award to be paid by the MIB to the applicant in respect of the relevant death or injury shall be determined in accordance with paragraph (4) of this Clause and its liability to the applicant shall be subject to paragraph (7) of this Clause and Clause 6 of this Agreement.
- (3) The conditions referred to in paragraph (2) of this Clause are:-
 - (a) that the applicant has obtained a judgment in respect of the relevant death or injury against the identified person ("the original judgment")

which has not been satisfied in full within three months from the date on which the applicant became entitled to enforce it ("the three month period"); or

- (b) that the applicant -
 - (i) has not obtained and has not been required by the MIB to obtain a judgment in respect of the relevant death or injury against the identified person, and
 - (ii) has not received any payment by way of compensation from the identified person or persons.
- (4) The amount to be awarded by the MIB to the applicant in a case to which this Clause applies shall be determined as follows:-
 - (a) if the condition in paragraph (3)(a) of this Clause is satisfied and the original judgment is wholly unsatisfied within the three month period, the amount to be awarded shall be an amount equal to that proportion of a full award attributable to the untraced person;
 - (b) if the condition in paragraph (3)(a) of this Clause is satisfied but the original judgment is satisfied in part only within the three month period, the amount to be awarded -
 - (i) if the unsatisfied part of the original judgment is less than the proportion of a full award attributable to the untraced person, shall be an amount equal to that unsatisfied part, or
 - (ii) if the unsatisfied part of the original judgment is equal to or greater than the proportion of a full award attributable to the untraced person, shall be an amount equal to the untraced person's proportion;
 - (c) if the condition in paragraph (3)(b) of this Clause is satisfied the amount to be awarded shall be an amount equal to the proportion of a full award attributable to the untraced person.

(5) The following provisions of this paragraph shall have effect in any case in which an appeal from or any proceeding to set aside the original judgment is commenced within a period of three months beginning on the date on which the applicant became entitled to enforce the original judgment:-

- (a) until the appeal or proceeding is disposed of the provisions of this Clause shall have effect as if for the three month period there were substituted a period expiring on the date when the appeal or proceeding is disposed of;
- (b) if as a result of the appeal or proceeding, the applicant ceases to be entitled to receive any payment in respect of the relevant death or injury from any of the person or persons against whom he has obtained the original judgment, the provisions of this Clause shall have effect as if he had neither obtained nor been required by the MIB to obtain a judgment against any person or persons;
- (c) if as a result of the appeal or proceeding, the applicant becomes entitled to recover an amount which differs from that which he was entitled to recover under the original judgment, the provisions of this Clause shall have effect as if for the reference in paragraph (3)(a) to the original judgment there were substituted a reference to the judgment under which the applicant became entitled to the different amount;
- (d) if as a result of the appeal or proceeding the applicant remains entitled to enforce the original judgment the provisions of this Clause shall have effect as if for the three month period there were substituted a period of three months beginning on the date on which the appeal or other proceeding was disposed of.

The provisions of this paragraph shall apply also in any case where any judgment given upon any appeal or proceeding is itself the subject of a further appeal or similar proceeding and shall apply in such a case in relation to that further appeal or proceeding in the same manner as they apply in relation to the first mentioned appeal or proceeding.

(6) In this Clause:-

(a) "full award" means the amount which would have fallen to be awarded to the applicant under Clause 3 in respect of the relevant death or injury if the untraced person had been adjudged by a court to be wholly responsible for that death or injury; and

(b) "the proportion of a full award attributable to the untraced person" means that proportion of a full award which on the balance of probabilities would have been apportioned by a court in proceedings between the untraced person and any other person liable in respect of the same event as the share to be borne by the untraced person in the responsibility for the event giving rise to the relevant death or injury.

(7) The MIB shall not be under any liability in respect of the relevant death or injury if the applicant is entitled to receive compensation from the MIB in respect of that death or injury under any agreement providing for the compensation of victims of uninsured drivers entered into between the Secretary of State and the MIB.

6. (1) Any liability falling upon the MIB upon an application made to it under this Agreement, in respect of any death or injury, shall be subject to the following conditions:-

(a) the applicant shall give all assistance as may reasonably be required by or on behalf of the MIB to enable any investigation to be carried out under this Agreement, including, in particular, the provision of statements and information either in writing, or, if required, orally at an interview or interviews between the applicant and any person acting on behalf of the MIB;

(b) at any time before the MIB has communicated its decision upon the application to the applicant, the applicant shall, subject to the following provisions of this Clause, take all steps as in the circumstances it is reasonable for the MIB to require him to take to obtain judgment against any person or persons in respect of their liability to the applicant for the death

or injury as having caused or contributed to that death or injury or as being the master or principal of any person who has caused or contributed to that death or injury; and

- (c) if required by the MIB the applicant shall assign to the MIB or to its nominee any judgment obtained by him (whether or not obtained in accordance with a requirement under subparagraph (b) of this paragraph) in respect of the death or injury to which his application to the MIB relates upon terms as will secure that the MIB or its nominee shall be accountable to the applicant for any amount by which the aggregate of all sums recovered by the MIB or its nominee under the judgment (after deducting all reasonable expenses incurred in effecting recovery) exceeds the amount payable by the MIB to the applicant under this Agreement in respect of that death or injury.
- (2) If the MIB requires the applicant to bring proceedings against any specified person or persons:-
- (a) the MIB shall indemnify the applicant against all costs reasonably incurred by him in complying with that requirement unless the result of those proceedings materially contributes to establishing that the untraced person did not cause or contribute to the relevant death or injury; and
 - (b) the applicant shall, if required by the MIB and at its expense, provide the MIB with a transcript of any official shorthand note taken in those proceedings of any evidence given or judgment delivered therein.
- (3) In the event of a dispute arising between the applicant and the MIB as to the reasonableness of any requirement by the MIB under paragraph (1)(b) of this Clause or as to whether any costs as referred to in paragraph (2)(a) of this Clause were reasonably incurred, that dispute shall be referred to the Secretary of State whose decision shall be final.

Provided that any dispute arising between the applicant and the MIB as to whether the MIB is required to indemnify him under paragraph (2)(a) of this Clause shall, in so far as it depends on the

question whether the result of any proceedings which the MIB has required the applicant to bring against any specified person or persons has or has not materially contributed to establish that the untraced person did not cause or contribute to the relevant death or injury, be referred to the arbitrator in accordance with the following provisions of this Agreement, whose decision on that question shall be final.

7. The MIB shall cause any application made to it for a payment under this Agreement to be investigated and, unless it decides that the application should be rejected because a preliminary investigation has disclosed that the case is not one to which this Agreement applies, it shall cause a report to be made on the application and on the basis of that report it shall decide whether to make an award and, if so, the amount of the award which shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.
8. The MIB may before coming to a decision on any application made to it under this Agreement request the applicant to provide it with a statutory declaration to be made by the applicant, setting out to the best of his knowledge, information and belief the facts and circumstances upon which his claim to an award under this Agreement are based, or facts and circumstances as may be specified by it.
9. (1) The MIB shall notify its decision to the applicant and when so doing shall:-
 - (a) if the application is rejected because a preliminary investigation has disclosed that it is not one made in a case to which this Agreement applies, give its reasons for the rejection; or
 - (b) if the application has been fully investigated provide him with a statement setting out -
 - (i) the circumstances in which the death or injury occurred and the relevant evidence,
 - (ii) the circumstances relevant to the assessment of the amount to be awarded to the applicant under this Agreement and the relevant evidence, and

- (iii) if it refuses to make an award, its reasons for that refusal; and
 - (c) in a case to which Clause 5 of this Agreement applies specify the way in which the amount of that award has been computed and its relation to those provisions of Clause 5 which are relevant to its computation.
 - (2) Where the MIB has decided that it will not indemnify the applicant against the costs of any proceedings which it has under Clause 6(1)(b) required him to bring against any specified person or persons on the ground that those proceedings have materially contributed to establish that the untraced person did not cause or contribute to the relevant death or injury, it shall give notice to the applicant of that decision, together with its reasons for it and shall provide the applicant with a copy of any transcript of any evidence given or judgment delivered in those proceedings as is mentioned in Clause 6(2)(b) which it regards as relevant to that decision.
- 10. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, where the MIB has decided to make an award to the applicant, it shall pay the applicant the amount of that award if:-
 - (a) it has been notified by the applicant that the award is accepted; or
 - (b) at the expiration of the period during which the applicant may give notice of an appeal under Clause 11 the applicant has not given the MIB either any notification of acceptance of its award or a notice of an appeal under Clause 11.
- (2) Such payment as is made under paragraph (1) of this Clause shall discharge the MIB from all liability under this Agreement in respect of the death or injury for which that award has been made.
- 11. (1) The applicant shall have a right of appeal to an arbitrator against any decision notified to him by the MIB under Clause 9 if:-
 - (a) he gives notice to the MIB, that he wishes to appeal against its decision ("the notice of appeal");

- (b) he gives the MIB the notice of appeal within 6 weeks from the date when he was given notice of the decision against which he wishes to appeal; and
 - (c) he has not previously notified the MIB that he has accepted its decision.
- (2) The grounds of appeal are as follows:-
- (a) where the application has not been the subject of a full investigation -
 - (i) that the case is one to which this Agreement applies, and
 - (ii) that the applicant's application should be fully investigated by the MIB with a view to its deciding whether or not to make an award to him and, if so, the amount of that award; or
 - (b) where the application has been fully investigated-
 - (i) that the MIB was wrong in refusing to make an award, or
 - (ii) that the amount it has awarded to the applicant is insufficient; or
 - (c) in a case where a decision not to indemnify the applicant against the costs of any proceedings has been notified to the applicant by the MIB under Clause 9(2), that that decision was wrong.

*12. A notice of appeal under Clause 11 shall state the grounds of the appeal and shall be accompanied by an undertaking given by the applicant or by the person acting on his behalf under Clause 2(1)(b) and 2(1)(c), that:-

- (a) the applicant will accept the decision of the arbitrator; and
- (b) the arbitrator's fee shall be paid to the MIB by the applicant or by the person who has given the undertaking in any case where the MIB is entitled to reimbursement of that fee under the provisions of Clause 22.

13. (1) When giving notice of his appeal or at any time before doing so, the applicant may:-
- (a) make comments to the MIB on its decision; and
 - (b) supply it with such particulars as he thinks fit of any further evidence not contained in the written statement supplied to him by the MIB which he considers is relevant to the application.
- (2) The MIB may, before submitting the applicant's appeal to the arbitrator:-
- (a) cause an investigation to be made into the further evidence supplied by the applicant under paragraph (1)(b) of this Clause; and
 - (b) report to the applicant the result of that investigation and of any change in its decision which may result from it.
- (3) The applicant may, within six weeks from the date on which the report referred to in paragraph (2)(b) of this Clause was sent to him, unless he withdraws his appeal, make such comments on the report as he may desire to have submitted to the arbitrator.
14. (1) In a case where the MIB receives from the applicant a notice of appeal in which the only ground of appeal which is stated is that the amount awarded to the applicant is insufficient, before submitting that appeal to the arbitrator, the MIB may:-
- (a) give notice to the applicant that if the appeal proceeds it will request the arbitrator to decide whether the case is one in which the MIB should make an award at all; and
 - (b) at the same time as complying with paragraph (1)(a) of this Clause provide the applicant with a statement setting out such comments as it may consider relevant to the decision which the arbitrator should come to on that question.
- (2) Where the MIB gives the applicant notice under paragraph (1)(a) of this Clause, the applicant may, within six weeks from the date on which that notice is given:-

- (a) make comments to the MIB and supply it with particulars of other evidence not contained in any written statement provided to him by the MIB as he may consider relevant to the question which the arbitrator is by that notice requested to decide; and
 - (b) Clause 13 shall apply in relation to any comments made or particulars supplied by the applicant under paragraph (2) (a) of this Clause.
15. (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this Clause, where the MIB receives a notice of appeal from the applicant under the provisions of this Agreement, unless the appeal is previously withdrawn, it shall:-
- (a) submit that appeal to an arbitrator for a decision; and
 - (b) send to the arbitrator for the purpose of obtaining his decision -
 - (i) the application made by the applicant,
 - (ii) a copy of its decision as notified to the applicant, and
 - (iii) copies of all statements, declarations, notices, undertakings, comments, transcripts, particulars of reports provided, given or sent to the MIB under this Agreement either by the applicant or any person acting for him under Clause 2(1) (b) or 2(1) (c) or given or sent to the applicant or a person acting for him under Clause 2(1) (b) or 2(1) (c) by the MIB.
- (2) In a case where the MIB causes an investigation to be made under Clause 13, the MIB shall not comply with paragraph (1) of this Clause until:-
- (a) the expiration of six weeks from the date on which it sent the applicant a report as to the result of that investigation; or
 - (b) the expiration of six weeks from the date on which it gave the applicant notice under Clause 14(1); or

- (c) the expiration of six weeks from the date on which it sent the applicant a report as to the result of that investigation, if it has caused an investigation to be made into any evidence supplied under Clause 14(2).

16. On an appeal made by the applicant in accordance with this Agreement:-

- (a) if the appeal is against a decision by the MIB rejecting an application because a preliminary investigation has disclosed that the case is not one to which this Agreement applies, the arbitrator shall decide whether the case is or is not one to which this Agreement applies and, if he decides that it is such a case, shall remit the application to the MIB for full investigation and a decision in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement;
- (b) if the appeal is against a decision by the MIB given after an application has been fully investigated by it (whether before the appeal or in consequence of its being remitted for such investigation under paragraph (a) of this Clause) the arbitrator shall decide, as may be appropriate, having regard to the grounds stated in the notice of appeal and to any notice given by the MIB to the applicant under Clause 14, whether the MIB should make an award under this Agreement to the applicant and, if so, the amount which it should award to him under the provisions of this Agreement;
- (c) if the appeal relates to a dispute which has arisen between the applicant and the MIB which is required by the proviso to Clause 6(3) to be referred to the arbitrator, the arbitrator shall also give his decision on that dispute.

Provided that where the arbitrator has allowed an appeal under paragraph (a) of this Clause all the provisions of this Agreement shall apply as if the case were an application to which this Agreement applies upon which the MIB had not communicated a decision.

17. (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this Clause, the arbitrator shall decide the appeal on the documents submitted to him under Clause 15(1)(b) and no further evidence shall be produced to him.

- (2) The following shall apply where documents have been submitted to the arbitrator under Clause 15(1)(b):-
- (a) the arbitrator shall be entitled to ask the MIB to make any further investigation which he considers desirable and to submit a written report of its findings to him for his consideration; and
 - (b) the MIB shall send a copy of that report to the applicant who shall be entitled to submit written comments on it to the MIB within four weeks of the date on which that copy is sent to him; and
 - (c) the MIB shall transmit those comments to the arbitrator for his consideration.
18. The arbitrator by whom an appeal made by an applicant in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement shall be considered shall be an arbitrator to be selected by the Secretary of State from two panels of Queen's Counsel appointed respectively by the Lord Chancellor and the Lord Advocate for the purpose of determining appeals under this Agreement, the arbitrator to be selected from the panel appointed by the Lord Chancellor in cases where the event giving rise to the death or injury occurred in England or Wales and from the panel appointed by the Lord Advocate where that event occurred in Scotland.
19. The arbitrator shall notify his decision on any appeal under this Agreement to the MIB and the MIB shall forthwith send a copy of the arbitrator's decision to the applicant.
20. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, the MIB shall pay the applicant any amount which the arbitrator has decided shall be awarded to him, and that payment shall discharge the MIB from all liability under this Agreement in respect of the death or injury in respect of which that decision has been given.
21. Each party to the appeal will bear their own costs.
22. The MIB shall pay the arbitrator a fee approved by the Lord Chancellor or the Lord Advocate, as the case may be, after consultation with the MIB.

Provided that, in any case where it appears to the arbitrator, that there were no reasonable grounds for the appeal, the arbitrator may in his discretion decide:-

- (a) that his fee ought to be paid by the applicant; and
- (b) that the person giving the undertaking required by Clause 12 shall be liable to reimburse the MIB the amount of the fee paid by it to the arbitrator, except in so far as that amount is deducted by the MIB from any amount which it is liable to pay to the applicant in consequence of the decision of the arbitrator.

23. If in any case it appears to the MIB that by reason of the applicant being under the age of majority or of any other circumstances affecting his capacity to manage his affairs it would be in the applicant's interest that all or some part of the amount which would otherwise be payable to him under an award made under this Agreement should be administered for him by the Family Welfare Association or by some other body or person under a trust or by the Court of Protection (or in Scotland by the appointment of a Judicial Factor) the MIB may establish for that purpose a trust of the whole or part of the amount to take effect for a period and under provisions as may appear to it to be appropriate in the circumstances of the case or may initiate or cause any other person to initiate process in that Court and otherwise cause any amount payable under the award to be paid to and administered thereby.
24. In any case in which an application has been made to the MIB under Clause 2(1) and in which a preliminary investigation under Clause 7 has disclosed that the case is one to which the Agreement, save for Clause 5, applies, the MIB may, instead of causing a report to be made on the application as provided by Clause 7, make, or cause to be made, to the applicant an offer to settle his application in a specified sum, assessed in accordance with Clause 3.
25. Where an offer is made in under Clause 24, there shall be provided to the applicant (at the same time) in writing particulars of:-
- (a) the circumstances in which the death or injury occurred and the relevant evidence ; and
 - (b) the circumstances relevant to the assessment of the amount to be awarded to the applicant and the relevant evidence.

26. (1) On receipt by the MIB or its agent of an acceptance of the offer referred to in Clause 24:-
- (a) this acceptance shall have effect in relation to the application as if in Clause 7 the words "and, unless the MIB decides" to the end of that Clause, and Clauses 9 to 22 inclusive were omitted; and
 - (b) the MIB shall pay to the applicant the amount specified in the offer.
- (2) The payment made by the MIB under paragraph (1)(b) of this Clause shall discharge it from all liability under this Agreement in respect of the death or injury for which the payment has been made.
27. This Agreement may be determined at any time by the Secretary of State or by the MIB by either of them giving to the other not less than twelve months previous notice in writing.

Provided that this Agreement shall continue to have effect in any case where the event giving rise to the death or injury occurred before the date on which this Agreement terminates in accordance with any notice so given.

28. From 14th June 1996 the following periods of operation shall apply:-
- (a) this Agreement shall come into operation on 1st July 1996 in relation to accidents occurring on or after that date;
 - (b) the Second Agreement shall cease and determine except in relation to applications arising out of accidents which occurred on or after 1st December 1972 and before the 3rd January 1978; and
 - (c) the Third Agreement shall cease and determine except in relation to accidents occurring on or after 3rd January 1978 and before the 1st July 1996.

IN WITNESS whereof the Secretary of State for Transport has caused his Corporate Seal to be hereto affixed and the Motor Insurers' Bureau has caused its Common Seal to be hereto affixed the day and year first above written.

THE CORPORATE SEAL of)
THE SECRETARY OF STATE)
FOR TRANSPORT)
hereunto affixed)
is authenticated by:)

Seal Ref: No.
DOT/1715



.....
Steven Norris
Parliamentary Under Secretary of State
Department of Transport

THE COMMON SEAL of
THE MOTOR INSURERS'
BUREAU was
hereunto affixed
in the presence of:



.....
Directors of the Board of Management



Secretary

N O T E S

The following Notes are for the guidance of those who may wish to make application to the Motor Insurers' Bureau for payment under the Agreement, and for the guidance of their legal advisers, but they must not be taken as making unnecessary a careful study of the Agreement itself. Communications connected with the Agreement should be addressed to the Motor Insurers' Bureau ("the MIB"), whose address is 152 Silbury Boulevard, Central Milton Keynes, MK9 1NB.

1. This Agreement replaces a previous one dated 22nd November 1972 and a Supplemental Agreement dated 7th December 1977 and continues the arrangements which have existed since 1946 under which the MIB has made ex gratia payments in respect of death or personal injuries resulting from the use on the road of a motor vehicle the owner or driver of which cannot be traced. Provision is made for an appeal against the MIB's decision in such cases.
2. The Agreement dated 22nd November 1972 applies to a death or bodily injury arising out of an accident occurring on a road in Great Britain on or after 1st December 1972 and before 3rd January 1978. The Agreement dated 22nd November 1972 as supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement dated 7th December 1977 applies in relation to accidents occurring on or after 3rd January 1978 and before 1st July 1996. This Agreement applies in relation to accidents occurring on or after 1st July 1996.
3. Subject to the terms of the Agreement, the MIB will accept applications for a payment in respect of the death of, or bodily injury to any person resulting from the use of a motor vehicle on a road in Great Britain in any cases in which:-
 - (a) the applicant for the payment cannot trace any person responsible for the death or injury (or, in certain circumstances, a person partly responsible) (Clause 1(1)(b)); and
 - (b) the death or injury was caused in such circumstances that the untraced person would be liable to pay damages to the applicant in respect of the death or injury (Clause 1(1)(c); and

- (c) the untraced person's liability to the applicant is one which at the time the accident occurred, was required to be covered by insurance or security (Clause 1(1)(d)).

The MIB will not deal with the following:-

- (a) deliberate "running down" cases (Clause 1(1)(e));
- (b) certain other cases relating to Crown vehicles; and
- (c) certain categories of "voluntary" passenger (Clause 1(2)-(4)).

4. Applications for a payment under the Agreement must be made in writing to the MIB within 3 years of the date of the accident giving rise to the death or injury (Clause 1(1)(f)).
5. Under Clause 3, the amount which the MIB will award will (except for the exclusion of those elements of damages mentioned in Clause 4 be assessed in the same way as a Court would have assessed the amount of damages payable by the untraced person had the applicant been able to bring a successful claim for damages against him.
6. Clause 5 relates to cases where an untraced person, and identified person are partly responsible for a death or injury, and defines the conditions under which the MIB will in such cases make a contribution in respect of the responsibility of the untraced person.
7. Under Clause 6(1)(b), the MIB may require the applicant to bring proceedings against any identified person who may be responsible for the death or injury, subject to indemnifying the applicant as to his costs as provided in Clause 6(2) and (3).
8. On receipt of an application, the MIB will, if satisfied that the application comes within the terms of the Agreement, investigate the circumstances and, when this has been done, decide whether to make a payment and, if so, how much (Clause 7).
9. The MIB may request the applicant to make a statutory declaration setting out all, or some, of the facts on which his application is based (Clause 8).

10. The MIB may notify the applicant of its decision, setting out the circumstances of the case and the evidence on which it bases its decision, and, if it refuses to make a payment, the reasons for the refusal (Clause 9).
11. If the applicant wishes to appeal against the decision on the grounds specified in Clause 11(2), he must notify the MIB within six weeks of being notified of the decision, and he or any person acting on his behalf shall give the undertakings set out in Clause 12.
12. The MIB may, as a result of the comments made and further evidence submitted by the applicant on its decision, investigate the further evidence, and if so it will communicate with the applicant again. In such a case the applicant will have six weeks from the date of that further communication in which to decide whether or not to go on with the appeal (Clause 13).
13. Where the applicant appeals only on the ground that the amount awarded to him is too low, the MIB may give him notice that if the matter proceeds to appeal, it will ask the arbitrator to decide also the issue of the MIB's liability to make any payment. The applicant will have six weeks from the date of any such notice in which to comment to the MIB on this intention (Clause 14).
14. Appeals will be decided by an arbitrator who will be a Queen's Counsel selected by the Secretary of State for Transport from one of two panels to be appointed by the Lord Chancellor and the Lord Advocate respectively (Clause 18).
15. All appeals will be decided by the arbitrator on the basis of the relevant documents (as set out in Clause 15) which will be sent to him by the MIB. If the arbitrator asks the MIB to make a further investigation, the applicant will have an opportunity to comment on the result of that investigation (Clause 17).
16. The arbitrator may, at his discretion, award the cost of his fee against the applicant if he considers the appeal unreasonable; otherwise, each party to the appeal will bear their own costs, the MIB paying the arbitrator's fee (Clause 21 and 22).
17. In certain circumstances, the MIB may establish a trust for the benefit of an applicant of the whole or part of any award (Clause 23).

18. Clauses 24 to 26 provide for the use of a shorter form of procedure than that stipulated in Clause 7 with the object of securing speedier disposal of certain applications to the MIB. The MIB may, at its discretion, make an offer of an award in a specified sum providing the applicant at the same time with particulars of the circumstances of the case and of the evidence on which the offer is based. If the applicant is prepared to accept the offer, thus undertaking, on payment by the MIB, to forgo any right of appeal to an arbitrator, the MIB will pay the sum offered forthwith. If the offer is not acceptable the application will thereafter be dealt with in accordance with the full procedure set out in the Agreement.

The shorter form of procedure does not apply in a case where both an untraced person and an identified person may each partly be responsible for injuries giving rise to an application to the MIB.